WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

2016 REGULAR SESSION

Introduced

Senate Bill 339

BY SENATORS TRUMP, KESSLER, WOELFEL, PALUMBO,

ROMANO, PLYMALE AND YOST

[Introduced January 21, 2016;

Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.]

A BILL to amend and reenact §51-1-10a of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended; to
 amend and reenact §51-2-13 of said code; to amend and reenact §51-2A-6 of said code;
 and to amend said code by adding thereto a new article, designated §51-12-1 and §51 12-2, all relating to compensation paid to professional judicial officers; establishing judicial
 compensation commission; providing eligibility and quorum requirements; filling
 commission vacancies; filing commission reports and recommendations; and requiring
 legislative action.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

1 That §51-1-10a of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and 2 reenacted; that §51-2-13 of said code be amended and reenacted; that §51-2A-6 of said code be 3 amended and reenacted; and that said code be amended by adding thereto a new article, 4 designated §51-12-1 and §51-12-2, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 1. SUPREME COURT OF APPEALS.

§51-1-10a. Salary of Justices.

The salary of each of the justices of the Supreme Court of Appeals shall be \$95,000 per year: *Provided*, That beginning July, 1, 2005, the salary of each of the justices of the Supreme Court shall be \$121,000: *Provided, however*, That beginning July 1, 2011, the annual salary of a justice of the Supreme Court shall be \$136,000: *Provided further*, That beginning July 1, 2017, the salary of a supreme court justice shall be increased upon recommendation of the Judicial Compensation Commission established in article twelve of this chapter unless such recommendation is rejected by the Legislature.

ARTICLE 2. CIRCUIT COURTS; CIRCUIT JUDGES.

§51-2-13. Salaries of judges of circuit court.

1 The salaries of the judges of the various circuit courts shall be paid solely out of the State

1

2016R2047

Treasury. No county, county commission, board of commissioners or other political subdivision
shall supplement or add to such salaries.

The annual salary of all circuit judges shall be \$90,000 per year: *Provided*, That beginning July 1, 2005, the annual salary of all circuit judges shall be \$116,000 per year: *Provided, however*, That beginning July 1, 2011, the annual salary of a circuit court judge shall be \$126,000: <u>Provided</u> *further*, That beginning July 1, 2017, the salary of a circuit court judge shall be increased upon recommendation of the Judicial Compensation Commission established in article twelve of this chapter unless such recommendation is rejected by the Legislature.

ARTICLE 2A. FAMILY COURTS.

§51-2A-6. Compensation and expenses of family court judges and their staffs.

(a) A family court judge is entitled to receive as compensation for his or her services an
annual salary of \$62,500: *Provided*, That beginning July 1, 2005, a family court judge is entitled
to receive as compensation for his or her services an annual salary of \$82,500: *Provided*, *however*, That beginning July 1, 2011, the annual salary of a family court judge shall be \$94,500: *Provided further*, That beginning July 1, 2017, the salary of a family court judge shall be increased
upon recommendation of the Judicial Compensation Commission established in article twelve of
this chapter unless such recommendation is rejected by the Legislature.

8 (b) The secretary-clerk of the family court judge is appointed by the family court judge and 9 serves at his or her will and pleasure. The secretary-clerk of the family court judge is entitled to 10 receive an annual salary of \$27,036: Provided, That on and after July 1, 2006, the annual salary 11 of the secretary-clerk shall be established by the administrative director of the Supreme Court of 12 Appeals, but may not exceed \$35,000. In addition, any person employed as a secretary-clerk to 13 a family court judge on the effective date of the enactment of this section during the sixth 14 extraordinary session of the Legislature in the year 2001 who is receiving an additional \$500 per year up to ten years of a certain period of prior employment under the provisions of the prior 15

2

2016R2047

16 enactment of section eight of this article during the second extraordinary session of the 17 Legislature in the year 1999 shall continue to receive such additional amount. Further, the 18 secretary-clerk will receive such percentage or proportional salary increases as may be provided 19 by general law for other public employees and is entitled to receive the annual incremental salary 20 increase as provided in article five, chapter five of this code.

21 (c) The family court judge may employ not more than one family case coordinator who 22 serves at his or her will and pleasure. The annual salary of the family case coordinator of the 23 family court judge shall be established by the Administrative Director of the Supreme Court of 24 Appeals but may not exceed \$36,000: *Provided*, That on and after July 1, 2006, the annual salary 25 of the family case coordinator of the family court judge may not exceed \$46,060. The family case 26 coordinator will receive such percentage or proportional salary increases as may be provided by 27 general law for other public employees and is entitled to receive the annual incremental salary 28 increase as provided in article five, chapter five of this code.

(d) The sheriff or his or her designated deputy shall serve as a bailiff for a family court
judge. The sheriff of each county shall serve or designate persons to serve so as to assure that
a bailiff is available when a family court judge determines the same is necessary for the orderly
and efficient conduct of the business of the family court.

(e) Disbursement of salaries for family court judges and members of their staffs are made
by or pursuant to the order of the Director of the Administrative Office of the Supreme Court of
Appeals.

(f) Family court judges and members of their staffs are allowed their actual and necessary
expenses incurred in the performance of their duties. The expenses and compensation will be
determined and paid by the Director of the Administrative Office of the Supreme Court of Appeals
under such guidelines as he or she may prescribe, as approved by the Supreme Court of Appeals.
(g) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, family court judges are not eligible to
participate in the retirement system for judges under the provisions of article nine of this chapter.

3

ARTICLE 12. JUDICIAL COMPENSATION COMMISSION.

§51-12-1. Judicial compensation commission.

- 42 (a) The Judicial Compensation Commission is hereby established. The commission is
- 43 responsible for studying and making recommendations to the Legislature in order that the judicial
- 44 compensation structure for judicial officers subject to election and required to hold a professional
- 45 license to serve in that position is adequate to ensure that highly gualified persons will be attracted
- 46 to serve on the bench without suffering unreasonable economic hardship.
- 47 The commission is comprised of five members as follows:
- 48 (1) The Dean of the West Virginia University College of Law, who shall serve as the
- 49 chairperson;
- 50 (2) The President of the West Virginia State Bar;
- 51 (3) One member appointed by the Governor;
- 52 (4) One member appointed by the President of the Senate; and
- 53 (5) One member appointed by the Speaker of the House of Delegates.
- 54 (b) Any person appointed to serve on the commission shall serve for four years. The
- 55 initial appointments to the commission shall be made by July 1, 2016. Any public employee,
- 56 elected public official or any person holding a position in any political party may not be appointed
- 57 to serve on the commission. Members of the commission are not eligible for appointment to a
- 58 state judicial position as long as he or she is serving as a member of the commission. Upon
- 59 expiration of any term, the person previously appointed shall continue to serve until his or her
- 60 successor is duly appointed and gualified to serve on the commission.
- 61 (c) The members of the commission serve without compensation but shall be reimbursed
- 62 for reasonable expenses actually incurred in carrying out the responsibilities of the commission
- 63 by the Joint Committee on Government and Finance. Commission members shall be reimbursed
- 64 at the same rate established for public employees.
- 65 (d) In the event of a vacancy on the Judicial Compensation Commission, the unexpired

66 term shall be filled in the same manner used to make the original appointment with	<u>n sixty days</u>
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- 67 of the vacancy.
- 68 (e) A majority of the commission members constitutes a quorum.
- 69 (f) The commission shall meet at the call of the chairperson or at the request of a majority
- 70 of the members.
- 71 (g) The commission may request staff assistance from the Joint Committee on

72 Government and Finance and the administrative office of the Supreme Court of Appeals as may

73 <u>be necessary.</u>

§51-12-2. Judicial Compensation Commission reports and recommendations; legislative action.

- (a) The commission shall meet in Charleston, West Virginia, at the place and time
 designated by the chairperson with at least 30 days written notice to the members of the
 <u>commission.</u>
- 4 (b) The commission shall send a copy of its recommendations on or before December 1
- 5 of each year in which it is required to meet to the Governor, the President of the Senate, the
- 6 Speaker of the House of Delegates, the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Appeals, and the
- 7 Administrative Director of the Supreme Court of Appeals.
- 8 (c) The report shall recommend the appropriate salaries to be paid by the state for justices
- 9 of the Supreme Court of Appeals, circuit court judges, family court judges and any other judicial
- 10 officer subject to election and requiring the judge to hold a professional license to serve in that
- 11 position.
- 12 (d) In recommending the appropriate salaries of the state's judicial officers, the 13 commission shall consider the following factors:
- 14 (1) The skill and experience required of the particular judgeship at issue;
- 15 (2) The value of comparable service performed by justices and judges, as determined by
- 16 reference to judicial compensation in other states and in the federal government;

2016R2047

17	(3) The value of comparable service performed in the private sector including, but not
18	limited to, private judging, arbitration, and mediation;
19	(4) The compensation of attorneys in the private sector;
20	(5) The cost of living;
21	(6) The compensation presently received by other public officials in the state;
22	(7) The compensation of deans, presidents, and chancellors of the university systems, if
23	available;
24	(8) The level of overall compensation adequate to attract the most highly qualified
25	individuals in the state, from a diversity of life and professional experiences, to serve the judiciary
26	without unreasonable hardship and with judicial independence unaffected by financial concerns;
27	and
28	(9) Any other information the commission may find relevant in its mission to determine the
29	appropriate compensation for the state's professional judicial officers.
30	(c) The commission is required to file its report with the Legislature within the first five
31	days of the commencement of its Regular Session, beginning with the 2018 regular session. The
32	salary recommendations made by the commission shall be introduced as a concurrent resolution
33	by the presiding officer in both the Senate and the House of Delegates no later than the twentieth
34	day of the regular legislative session. If the Legislature fails to take action on the concurrent
35	resolution or if the Legislature rejects the passage of the concurrent resolution by less than sixty-
36	percent of those elected in each body, then the recommendations made by the Judicial
37	Compensation Commission will stand and compensation increases will take effect as indicated in
38	the Judicial Compensation Commission's report to the Legislature. If the recommendations of
39	the Judicial Compensation Commission become effective, then the commission shall be
40	adjourned for four calendar years. If the Legislature rejects the commission's recommendations,
41	then the commission shall meet every year to provide an updated analysis until its
42	recommendation becomes effective.

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to establish the judicial compensation commission to study and make recommendations to the Legislature to ensure that the judicial compensation structure for judicial officers subject to election, and required to hold a professional license to serve in that office, is adequate to ensure that highly qualified persons will be attracted to serve on the bench without enduring unreasonable economic hardship.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from a heading or the present law, and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.